# **Safety Data Sheet**

**Sep 2013** 

# Company Details: Weldtronic International P/L

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Victoria, Australia 3175

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### **IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT NAME: SBA 56 (SILVER BRAZING ALLOY)

AWS A5.8 BAg-7 (Cadmium Free / Fluxcoated)

PRODUCTS CODE: L356 / L356F

PRODUCT USE: Silver Brazing Alloys are used for the joining of most

ferrous and non-ferrous metals, except aluminium and magnesium. These filler metals are free of cadmium.

### PHYSICAL DATA

APPEARANCE: ROD

MELTING POINT: SOLIDUS: 605-650 oC

LIQUIDUS: 655 oC

DENSITY: 9.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> SOLUBILITY IN WATER: INSOLUBLE

#### **OTHER PROPERTIES**

STABILITY: Stable
MATERIALS TO AVOID: Acids and acetylene

### CHEMICAL COMPOSITION

 ELEMENT
 %

 Silver
 56.00

 Zinc
 17.00

 Tin
 5.00

 Copper
 22.00

### **HEALTH HAZARD/FIRST AID INFORMATION**

### SWALLOWED: Unlikely route of exposure

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

### EYE: Moderate local irritation may occur due to the zinc oxide component.

If contact with the eye(s) occurs, wash with copious amount of water for approximately 15 minutes holding eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the non-affected eye. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

### SKIN: Zinc oxide is moderately irritating to the skin.

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse or discard. If symptoms persist seek medical attention.

INHALED: Exposure to zinc and copper oxide fumes results in shortness of breath, cough and general respiratory complaints, in addition to nausea and vomiting and aching muscles. General symptoms are similar to influenza – hence 'metal fume fever'. Symptoms of metal fume fever are often delayed for 3-10 hours and usually disappear after 24 hours rest. Ulceration of the respiratory tract and perforation of the nasal septum can occur.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Do not give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. To protect rescuer, use air-viva, oxy-viva or one-way mask. Resuscitate in a well-ventilated area. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Exposure Limits:	Element (STEL)	mg/m3 (STEL)	ppm (TWA)	mg/m3	ppm
	Copper		,	0.2	
	Silver			0.1	
	Antimony			0.5	
	Tin			2.0	
	Phosphorous			1.0	

Eng. Controls: Use in an adequately ventilated area. General factory ventilation is

normally sufficient. Local exhaust ventilation will be required in confined areas or where natural ventilation is not sufficient to

maintain concentrations below exposure limits.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Respirator: Where sufficient ventilation is not available, avoid breathing fumes

by wearing a filter respirator.

Eye Protection: Welding face shield / goggles

Glove Type: Welding Gloves

Clothing: Overalls, eyewash unit, aprons, sleeves, shoulder covers, leggings

or spats of pliable flame resistant leather or other suitable materials may also be required in position where these areas of the body will

encounter hot metal.

### **FLAMMABILITY**

Fire Hazards: Non-combustible. Non-flammable.

This product is not pyrophoric.

### SAFE HANDLING INFORMATION

### STORAGE AND TRANSPORT

Storage Precautions: Store at room temperature (15 to 25°C recommended). Keep well

closed and protected from direct sunlight and moisture. Store

away from acids and acetylene.

Transport: Not classified as a Dangerous Good.

### FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

Fire/Explos Hazard: This product is non-flammable and non-combustible. As with m

any metals and alloys, contact with mineral acids liberates

hydrogen, a flammable and explosive gas.

# FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD (continued)

**Hazardous Combustion** 

Products: If involved in a fire generated by other means, resulting in

temperatures in excess of 600°C, toxic fumes of copper and zinc oxides may be evolved. Oxides of tin, silver and also silica may

form.

Fire Fighting

Procedures: Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained

breathing equipment operated in positive pressure mode.

Extinguishing Media: Use appropriate fire extinguisher for surrounding environment.

Subject to the presence of electrical shock risks, use of water fog is

preferred.